SSNC. Dr. B R Ambedkar College Hubli DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS Teaching Plan - 2021-22 COURSE: B.A & B.COM

Month	BA& Com U.S OF	Name of th	e Faculty: Shri. Manju	nath Mattimani		
	Basic Micro Economics	B.A II Sem DSCC Indian Economy II	B.A IV Sem Mathematics & Statistic for Economics	B.Com IV Sem	B.A VI Sem Indian Economy II	B.Com VI Sem Industrial Economic
May	Unit - 1 Basic Concepts in Economics Chapter 1 Nature and Scope of Economics Why Study Economics? Meaning of Economics Nature of Economics Scope of Economics Methods of Economics Chapter 2 Thinking Like an Economist The Economist as Scientist The Economist as Solicy Advise Economic Policy Chapter 3 Economic System Types of Economic System Types of Economic Activities Organization of Economic Activities Circular Flow of Economic Activities Evolution of the Present Economic Systems	a) Classification of Industries b) Industrial Policy of 1956 c) Industrial Policy of 1991 d) Snapshot of large scale industries in India	Unit I: Introduction and Revision of basic concepts Nature and Scope of Mathematical Economics - Importance and Limitations of Mathematics in Economic Theory: Ratios, Proportions and Variations; Functions, Variables, Constants, Parameters; Absolute and Arbitrary Constant, Equation and Identities, Inverse functions	Unit – 1:	Unit-I: Industrial Development Importance and Classification of Industries: New Industrial Policy of India, Major Industries: Cotton Textile Industries. Cotton Textile Industries. Sugar Industries and their Progress and Problems: Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)-Concept. Classification, Importance, Problems and Measures; Multinational Companies in India - Meaning, Importance and Defects; Sources of Industrial Finance in India	Unit – I: Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics: Need. importance and role of industries in economic and social development; industry and agriculture linkages; industry classification – public. private, joint and cooperative sectors; MNCs and their role
June	Practicum: 1. Group Discussions on Choice Problem 2. Assignment on Types of Feonomic Systems 1 nit - 2 Demand, Supply and Markets Chapter 4 Firms and Household Meaning of Firms and Household Relationship Between Firms and Household Input Markets & Output Markets Chapter 5 Demand, Supply and Markets Demand: Meaning, Determinants Law of Demand Supply and its Determinants Law of Supply Market I quilibrium	Chapter 3 Service Sector a) Service sector: Classification in Systemof National Accounts (SNA) b) Composition of service sector c) Trends in composition of service sector Group Discussion: Impact of globalization on MSMEs Unit – 2 Fiscal and External Sector Chapter 4 Fiscal Sector a) Structure of Budget b) Composition of Budget c) Recent Union Budget Chapter 5 External Sector a) Volume of Foreign Trade b) Composition (Export-Import) c) Direction of India's InternationalTrade (Ex and Im)	Unit II: Derivatives of Function Concept of Continuity and Limit - Rules of Differentiation: Application to Derive MR and MC. Elasticity of Demand - Revenue and Profit Maximization and Cost Minimization	Unit – 2: Balance of Payments and Exchange Rate: Meaning of balance of trade and balance of payment: structure of balance of payments; causes for disequilibrium in the BOP; measures for correcting disequilibrium: Foreign Exchange meaning. determination of foreign exchange rate – fixed and flexible rates; merits and demerits;	Unit-II: Industrial Labour Industrial labour-Meaning, Characteristics, Problems of Industrial Labour: Reasons for Low Efficiency of Industrial Labour: Trade Union Movement in India – Defects and Measures: Industrial Disputes – Meaning, Causes and Measures: Recent Social Security Measures in India Unit-III: Banking Sector Commercial Banks- Meaning, Importance and Growth of Commercial Banks: Regional Rural Banks-Objectives, Progress, Problems and Remedial Measures;	Unit – 2: Location of Industries: Theories of Location: factors influencing location decision: dispersal and decentralization of industries: need for balanced regional development of industries: industrial dispersal policy and balanced regional development in India.



	Chapter 6 Elasticity and its Measurement Elasticity of Demand :Meaning, Types: Price, Income and Cross Elasticity, Measurement of Price Elasticity of Demand: Graphical and Mathematical Method Determinants of Elasticity of Demand Practicum: 1. Estimation of demand and supply elasticity 2. Solving an equilibrium problem Unit -3 Production, Cost and Market Structure Chapter- 7 Production Production Functions Law of Variable Proportions Concepts of Revenue; TR, AR and MR	Chapter 6 India's Foreign Investment a) FII.FDI and OFDI b) Trends in Foreign Investment c) India's Foreign Investment Policy Practicum: vo Practicum: vo Project: Analyse the recent trends in foreign trade 2) Group Discussion: Union Budget Unit:3 Structural Reforms in Indian Economy Chapter- 7 New Economic Policy a) New Economic Policy :Structural Adjustment Programme (Liberalisation) b) New Economic Policy: MacroeconomicStabilization programme c) NITI Ayog: Organisation and Role	Unit- 3: Probability Theory Introduction to set theory. Concept of probability, Classical and empirical definitions of probability, laws of addition and multiplication, discrete random variable – its concept. mean and variance. Unit-4: Theoretical distributions: Binomial. Poisson and Normal distribution – their properties and uses	Unit – 3: International Monetary Institutions: IMF – objectives, functions and achievements; World Bank – objectives, functions and achievements; ADB – objectives, functions and achievements. Unit – 4: International trade blocks and agreements: meaning of trade blocks and significance; European Union; SAARC – objectives, functions and achievements; GATT – WTO	Banking Sector Reforms in India; Demonetisation- Meaning and Its Impacts on Indian Economy; Reserve Bank of India - Functions and its Monetary Policy Unit-IV: Indian Public Finance Sources of Public Revenue: Public Expenditure- Development; Revenue and Capital Expenditure; Causes for Growing Public Expenditure; Public Debt- Meaning, Importance, Sources, Extent of Public Debt in India; Budget – Meaning and Types; Fiscal Policy- Meaning, Objectives and Tools; Deficit Financing in India - Finance	Unit – 3: Composition of Industrial Sector: Structure of large scale industries in India - sugar, cotton, iron and steel: agro- processing sector, cottage and village industristrualization; emerging global competition and Indian industry: impact of liberalization and privatisation on SSI sector. Unit – 4: Financing of an Industry: Meaning of industrial finance – direct and indirect finance: role and functions of II-CI, IDBI, ICICI, SFCs, SIDBI, etc., in
August	Chapter 8 Concept of Cost Meaning of Cost of Production : short run and Long run. Total Cost, Fixed Costs, Variable Costs, Average Cost. Average Fixed Cost. AverageVariable Cost. Marginal Cost. Chapter -9 Market Structure Markets: meaning and types. Perfect Competition: Meaning and Features. Imperfect Competition: Monopoly. Duopoly. Oligopoly and Monopolistic Competition : Meaning and Features. Pricing Strategies: Skimming. Penetration. Administered Pricing.	Chapter-8 Sectoral reforms a) Banking Sector b) Fiscal Sector c) External Sector d) Insurance Sector Chapter 9 Recent Government Policies a) Skill India b) Start up c) Make in India d) Atmanirbhar Bharat e) Smart City f) National Monetization Pipeline Classroom Debate: Has Economic Reforms yielded intended results?	Unit-5: Regression Analysis Two variable linear regression analysis - estimation of regression lines (Least square method) and regression coefficients - their interpretation and properties, standard error of estimate	objectives, functions and achievements. Unit – 5: Foreign Capital: Need, importance and policies in India; FPI, FDI and FII: regulations of FDI and FII: Foreign Investment Promotion Board – functions and role.	Commissions and their Recent Recommendations Unit-V: Foreign Trade of India Features, Volume, Composition and Direction of India's Foreign Trade: Recent Position of India's Balance of Payment: New Foreign Trade Policy of India - India and World Trade Organization (WTO)	rce College

SSNC. Dr. B R Ambedkar College Hubli DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS Teaching Plan - 2021-22 <u>COURSE: B.A & B.COM</u>

Name of the Faculty: Shri. Manjunath Mattimani

Mandl		B.A II Sem DSCC	B.A IV Sem	B.Com IV Sem	B.A VI Sem	B.Com VI Sem
Month	B.A & Com II Sem OEC	Indian Economy II	Mathematics & Statistics	International Trade	Indian Economy II	Industrial Economics
	Basic Micro Economics	Indian Economy II	for Economics	& Institutions		
May	Unit – 1 Basic Concepts in	Unit – 1 Industry and Service	Unit I: Introduction	Unit – I:	Unit-1: Industrial	Unit – 1: Meaning
May	Economics	sectors	and Revision of basic	International	Development	and Scope of
	Chapter 1 Nature and Scope of	Chapter 1 Industries and	concepts	Trade: Meaning of	Importance and Classification of Industries: New Industrial	Industrial
	Economics	Industrial Policy	Nature and Scope of	internal and	Policy of India: Major	Economics: Need,
	Why Study Economics?	a) Classification of Industries	Mathematical	international trade;	Industries- Iron and Steel	importance and role o
	Meaning of Economics	b) Industrial Policy of 1956	Economics -	importance: gains	Industries, Cotton Textile	industries in economic
	Nature of Economics	c) Industrial Policy of 1991	Importance and	from international	Industries, Sugar Industries and	and social
	Scope of Economics	d) Snapshot of large scale	Limitations of	trade and factors	their Progress and Problems:	development: industry
	Methods of Economics	industries in India	Mathematics in	determining;	Micro, Small, Medium	and agriculture
	Chapter 2 Thinking Like an Economist	madstries in main	Economic Theory;	theories of	Enterprises (MSMEs)-Concept.	linkages; industry
	The Economist as Scientist	Chapter 2 MSMEs:	Ratios, Proportions and	international trade -	Classification, Importance.	classification - public
	The Economist as Policy Adviser	a) Role in Indian Economic	Variations: Functions,	comparative cost	Problems and Measures:	private, joint and
	Economic Policy	development	Variables, Constants,	theory.	Multinational Companies in India - Meaning, Importance	cooperative sectors;
	Chapter 3 Economic System	b) Problems	Parameters: Absolute		and Defects; Sources of	MNCs and their role
	Types of Economic Activities	c) Govt measures to promote	and Arbitrary Constant,		Industrial Finance in India	
	Organization of Economic	MSMEs	Equation and Identities,			
	Activities	d) Globalisation and MSMEs	Inverse functions			
	Circular Flow of Economic	d) Globalisation and Montes				
	Activities Evolution of the Present					
	Economic Systems					Unit – 2: Location
June	Practicum:	Chapter 3 Service Sector	Unit II: Derivatives of	Unit - 2: Balance of	Unit-II: Industrial Labour Industrial labour-Meaning,	of Industries:
June	1. Group Discussions on	a) Service sector: Classification	Function	Payments and	Characteristics, Problems of	Theories of Location
	Choice Problem	in Systemof National Accounts	Concept of Continuity	Exchange Rate:	Industrial Labour: Reasons	factors influencing
	2. Assignment on Types of	(SNA)	and Limit - Rules of	Meaning of balance	for Low Efficiency of	location decision:
	Economic Systems	b) Composition of service sector	Differentiation:	of trade and balance	Industrial Labour; Trade	dispersal and
	Unit – 2 Demand, Supply and	c) Trends in composition of	Application to Derive	of payment:	Union Movement in India –	decentralization of
	Markets	service sector	MR and MC. Elasticity	structure of balance	Defects and Measures:	industries; need for
	Chapter 4 Firms and	Group Discussion: Impact of	of Demand - Revenue	of payments; causes	Industrial Disputes -	balanced regional
	Household Meaning of Firms and	globalization on MSMEs	and Profit	for disequilibrium in	Meaning, Causes and	development of
	Household		Maximization and Cost	the BOP: measures	Measures; Recent Social	industries; industria
	Relationship Between Firms and	Unit – 2 Fiscal and External	Minimization	for correcting	Security Measures in India	dispersal policy an
	Household	Sector		disequilibrium;	Security Weasures in mena	balanced regional
	Input Markets & Output Markets	Chapter 4 Fiscal Sector		Foreign Exchange -	Unit-III: Banking Sector	development in Ind
	Chapter 5 Demand, Supply	a) Structure of Budget		meaning .	Commercial Banks-	development in mu
	and Markets	b) Composition of Budget		determination of	Meaning. Importance and	
	Demand: Meaning.	c) Recent Union Budget		foreign exchange	Growth of Commercial	
	Determinants	Chapter 5 External Sector		rate - fixed and		
	Law of Demand	a) Volume of Foreign Trade		flexible rates: merits	Banks: Regional Rulai Banks-Objectives. Progress.	
	Supply and its Determinants Law of Supply	b) Composition (Export-Import)		and demerits;	Problems and Remedial	
	Law of Supply Market Equilibrium	c) Direction of India's			Measures:	
	Marker Equilibrium	InternationalTrade (Ex-and-lm)			vicasures.	

	Chapter 6 Elasticity and its Measurement Elasticity of Demand :Meaning, Types: Price. Income and Cross Elasticity. Measurement of Price : Elasticity of Demand: Graphical and Mathematical Method Determinants of Elasticity of Demand Practicum: I. Estimation of demand and supply elasticity 2. Solving an equilibrium problem Unit -3 Production, Cost and Market Structure Chapter-7 Production Production Functions Law of Variable Proportions Concepts of Revenue; TR. AR and MR	Chapter 6 India's Foreign Investment a) FII,FDI and OFDI b) Trends in Foreign Investment c) India's Foreign Investment Policy Practicum: 1) Project: Analyse the recent trends in foreign trade 2) Group Discussion: Union Budget Unit:3 Structural Reforms in Indian Economy Chapter- 7 New Economic Policy a) New Economic Policy :Structural Adjustment Programme (Liberalisation, Privatisation, Globalisation) b) New Economic Policy: MacroeconomicStabilization programme c) NITI Ayog: Organisation and Role	Unit- 3: Probability Theory Introduction to set theory. Concept of probability. Classical and empirical definitions of probability, laws of addition and multiplication. discrete random variable – its concept. mean and variance. Unit-4: Theoretical distributions: Binomial. Poisson and Normal distribution – their properties and uses	Unit – 3: International Monetary Institutions: IMF – objectives, functions and achievements: World Bank – objectives, functions and achievements; ADB – objectives, functions and achievements. Unit – 4: International trade blocks and agreements: meaning of trade blocks and significance: European Union; SAARC – objectives, functions and achievements; GATT – WTO objectives, functions and achievements.	Banking Sector Reforms in India: Demonetisation- Meaning and Its Impacts on Indian Economy; Reserve Bank of India – Functions and its Monetary Policy Unit-IV: Indian Public Finance Sources of Public Revenue- Tax and Non-tax Revenue: Public Expenditure- Development and Non- development; Revenue and Capital Expenditure; Causes for Growing Public Expenditure; Public Debt- Meaning, Importance, Sources, Extent of Public Debt in India: Budget – Meaning and Types; Fiscal Policy- Meaning, Objectives and Tools; Deficit Financing in India - Finance Commissions and their Recent Recommendations	Unit - 3: Composition of Industrial Sector: Structure of large scale industries in India - sugar, cotton, iron and steel: agro- processing sector. cottage and village industries: rural industrialization: emerging global competition and Indian industry: impact of liberalization and privatisation on SSI sector. Unit - 4: Financing of an Industry: Meaning of industrial finance - direct and indirect finance: role and functions of II CL. IDBI, ICICI, SICS. SIDBI, etc., in industrial finance
August	Chapter 8 Concept of Cost Meaning of Cost of Production : short run and Long run. Total Cost, Fixed Costs. Variable Costs. Variable Costs. Average Cost, Average Fixed Cost, AverageVariable Cost, Marginal Cost. Chapter -9 Market Structure Markets: meaning and types. Perfect Competition: Meaning and Features. Imperfect Competition: Monopoly, Duopoly. Oligopoly and Monopolistic Competition : Meaning and Features. Pricing Strategies: Skimming, Penetration. Administered Pricing.	Chapter-8 Sectoral reforms a) Banking Sector b) Fiscal Sector c) External Sector d) Insurance Sector Chapter 9 Recent Government Policies a) Skill India b) Start up c) Make in India d) Atmanirbhar Bharat e) Smart City f) National Monetization Pipeline Classroom Debate: Has Economic Reforms yielded intended results?	Unit-5: Regression Analysis Two variable linear regression analysis - estimation of regression lines (Least square method) and regression coefficients - their interpretation and properties, standard error of estimate	Unit – 5: Foreign Capital: Need, importance and policies in India; FPI, FDI and FII: regulations of FDI and FII: Foreign Investment Promotion Board – functions and role.	Unit-V: Foreign Trade of India Features, Volume, Composition and Direction of India's Foreign Trade: Recent Position of India's Balance of Payment: New Foreign Trade Policy of India - India and World Trade Organization (WTO) Crade Organization (WTO)	edkar Smaraka i Society's ice Collegie